

In-Vitro testing and characterization of nucleic acid structures and networks







Jonathan LEE TIN WAH and André Estévez-Torres

Laboratory for Photonics and Nanostructures, CNRS, Marcoussis, France



I/. In-vitro implementation and testing of synthetic RNA devices

Riboregulators

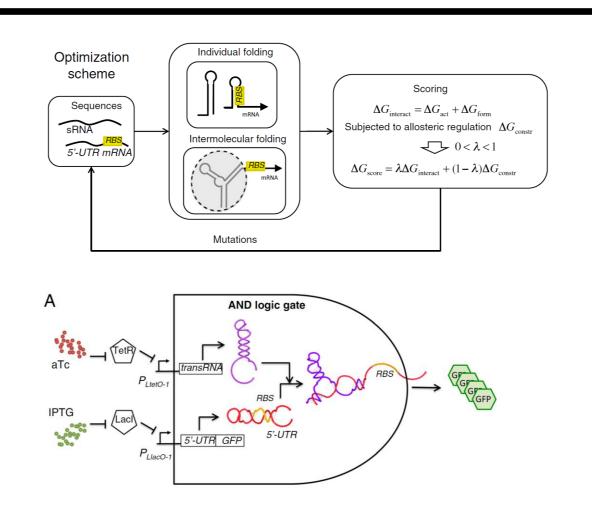
Prokaryotic gene expression Artificial riboregulator system Prokaryotic gene expression AUG RBS Transcription AUG RBS Translation Protein AUG RBS AUG RBS AUG RBS AUG RBS AUG RBS Pta

 Rational design and engineering of posttranscriptional regulation

Isaacs et al. Nature (2004)

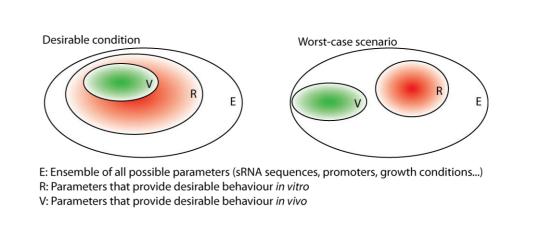
Modular riboregulator

Functional de-novo RNA devices

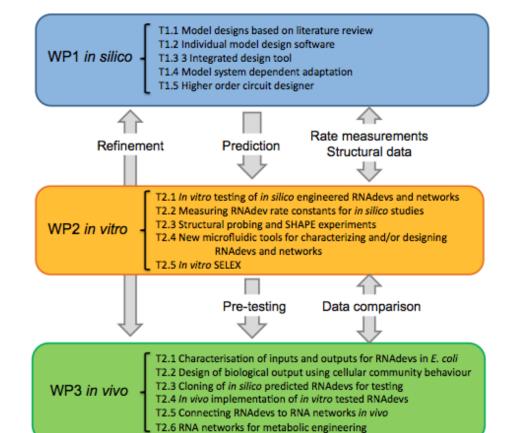


- Rodrigo et al PNAS (2012)
- Based on trans-activation
- Newly generated sequences in-silico
 Successful implementation in-vivo
- Allows for modularity

Goals and Questions

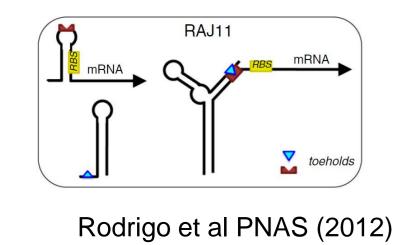


- Can in-vitro testing accelerate in-vivo network engineering?
- Rapid debugging of in-silico designed RNA devices.
- In-vitro testing and characterization of in-silico designed RNA devices (functionality, rate constants, etc...)

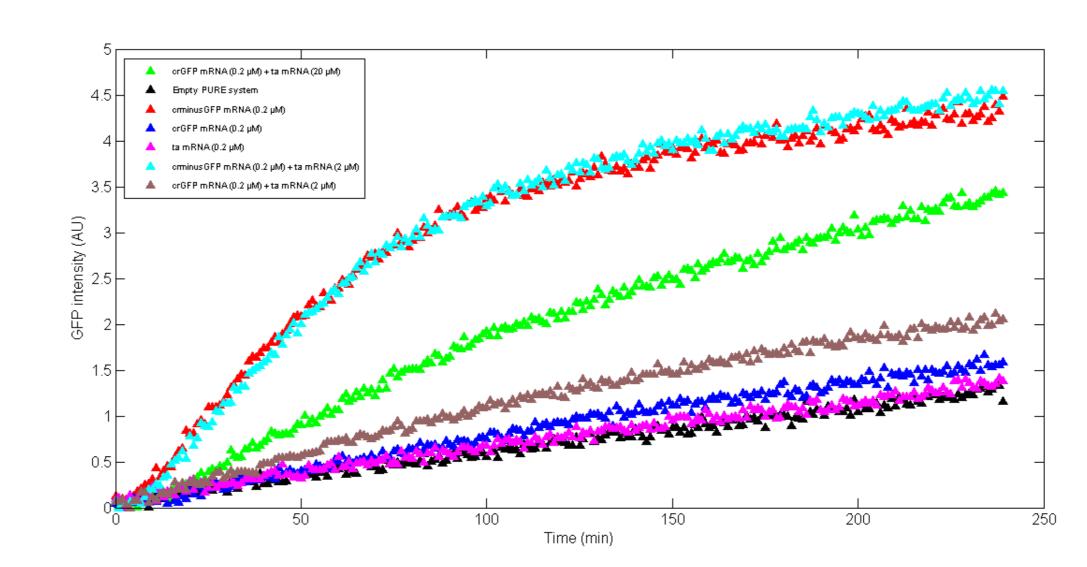


- Joint european project
- Planned synergy between in-silico, in-vitro and in-vivo

Study of a synthetic riboregulator in-vitro



- Use of RAJ11 (generated de_novo)
- Testing performed using PCR products of the RAJ11 plasmid.
- GFP gene lacking a cisrepressor (unregulated, crminusGFP)
- Cis-regulated GFP (crGFP)
- Trans-activator (ta)
- The individual components of the RAJ11 riboregulator are functional in an in-vitro expression system.

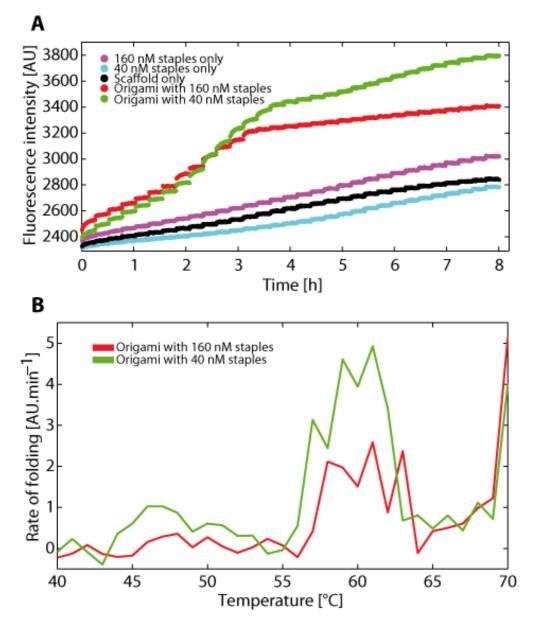


- The mRNA transcribed from the PCR products are also functional.
- Work in progressMonitor the transactivation in-situ
- Reliable mRNA detection and quantification during transcription.
- Study the kinetics of the trans-activation

II/. Folding pathway of DNA nanostructures at the single molecule level

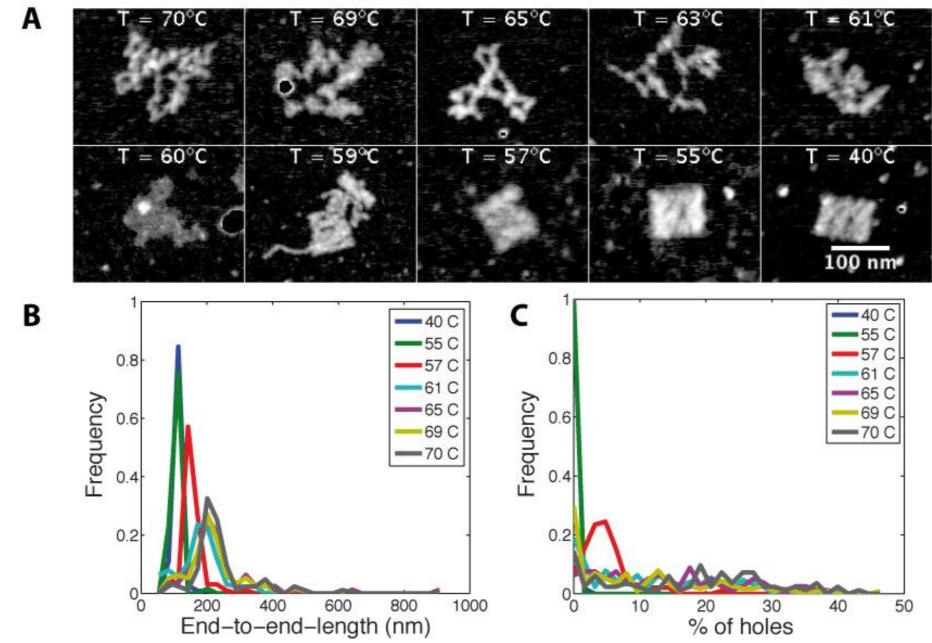
(with Christophe David, LPN, CNRS) *Manuscript in preparation*

Folding rates



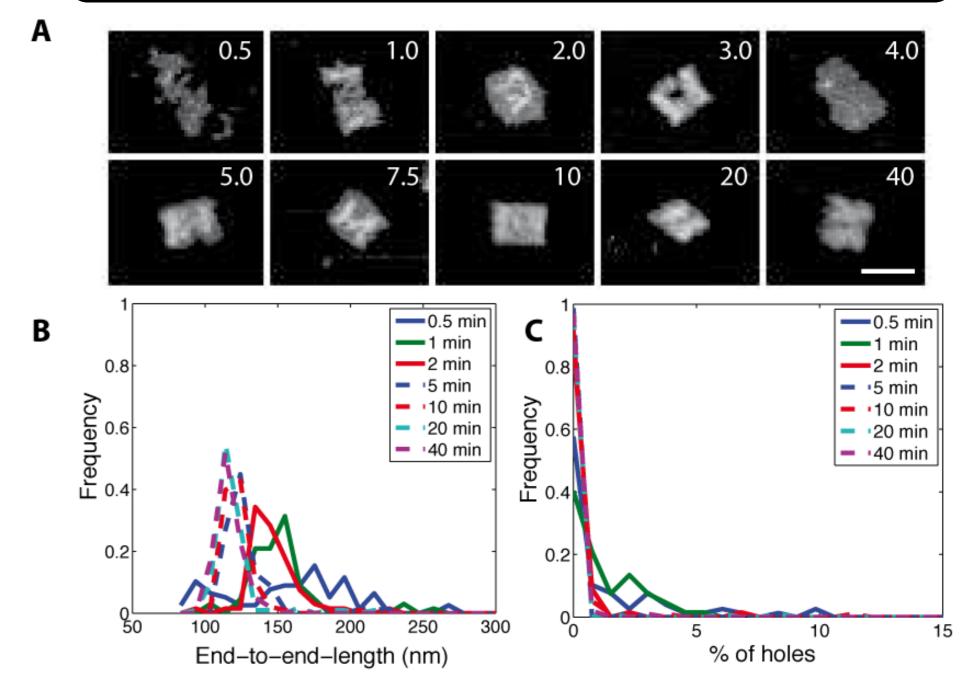
- Folding occurs during a ~4° C temperature range.
- Consistent with the literature
- Allows us to identify significant points in time and temprature to perform our measurements
- Rate of folding of origami built from 10 nM of M13 scaffold and 40 nM and 160 nM staples (based on an experiment from Sobczak et al Science (2012))

Thermodynamics



- Provides visuals of the folding process at various temperatures.
- Three folding 'regimes' identified after image analysis.

Folding kinetics



- Visualization of the folding process in isothermal conditions.
- Structure without holes obtained within 5 min.
- Fully formed origami observed after 20 min after slow reorganization.